

PRODUCT CODE- BPHYAT550



Taj Pharmaceuticals Ltd.

Bromo phenyl acetone

CAS No. 23022-83-5



5501124247633412902

Name : 1-Bromo-1-phenyl-2-propanone

Synonyms : 1-Bromo-1-phenylacetone,
phenylacetone,

1-Bromo-1-phenyl-2-propanone,

1-Bromo-1-

CAS No.: 23022-83-5

Molecular Formula : C₉H₉BrO

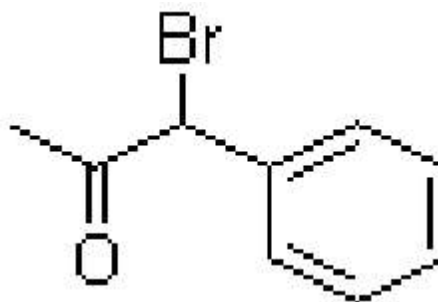
Molecular Weight : 213.07

Purity : 98%

Density : 1.607

Boiling point : 427 °C

Flash point : 114 °C



Description : colorless or slightly yellow liquid.

Production methods : Quorum benzene; 20L propiophenone joined 100L enamelled 11:50. Pot maintain negative pressure (vacuum about MUSCLE), mixing in the next hour was added dropwise 8L bromine, temperature maintained at 30 ° C, bromination reaction after blowing dry air with the exception of the reaction liquid hydrogen bromide, in bromo phenyl acetone benzene 60-65L. Removal of solvent benzene, derived products.

Purposes : Rodenticide enemy of the rat intermediates

Abstract

The photoinitiation efficiency of the free-radical polymerization of methyl methacrylate and styrene by several carbonyl compounds has been determined. The compounds considered were -substituted ketones and -dicarbonyl compounds. For the ketones, the initiation efficiency employing methyl methacrylate depends on the substitution; the values obtained change from less than 10⁻³ (acetone) to 0.65 (3-hydroxy-3-methyl-2-butanone). All ketones are more efficient towards methyl methacrylate than styrene. This result can be explained in terms of triplet quenching by the last monomer. The results obtained employing -dicarbonyl compounds do not conform to a simple pattern. In particular, benzil shows a considerably larger efficiency towards styrene than for methyl methacrylate. Since benzil is efficiently quenched by styrene, the initiation must involve the interaction of an excited benzil molecule and the monomer.